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Produced by the Non-native Species Secretariat with assistance from the Freshwater Biological Association and Environment Agency Version 2.1

Killer Shrimp

Species Description

Scientific name: Dikerogammarus villosus AKA: Killer Shrimp Native to: South-east Europe Habitat: Still or flowing freshwater and brackish water, often among hard surfaces or vegetation.

A highly invasive shrimp, with only a few known populations in GB. A key ID feature is the presence of cone shaped protrusions on the tail. Often larger than native freshwater shrimp species and sometimes with a striped appearance.

It is a voracious predator, killing invertebrates and small fish. It quickly dominates habitats it invades and can significantly alter their ecology.

It is tolerant of poor water quality and can survive in damp conditions for up to five days. It could therefore be spread in ballast water and also by people on kit used in the water, including angling gear, boats, kayaks and trailers. Good biosecurity is essential to reduce the risk of spread.

As a non-resident species it could be an offence to release or allow the escape of this species into the wild.

Suspected records of this species should be sent with a photograph to: alert_nonnative@ceh.ac.uk



Key ID Features



Additional Information about this species can be found at:

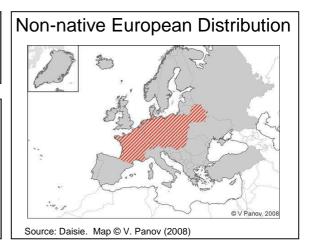
www.nonnativespecies.org

Recording

If you suspect you have found this species please send a record, including a photograph to:

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Similar Species



Dikerogammarus villosus Tail features can be used to Non-native distinguish D. villosus from For comparison other species as follows: Dikerogammarus villosus Two distinctive cone-shaped protrusions Tail with topped with distinctive small spines. cones Usually considerably larger than native species. Can grow to 30mm from tip of tail to tip of head, more commonly 10-20mm. Gammarus spp. Lacks dark stripes Gammarus pulex of D. villosus Native (except in Small clusters of Ireland) spines or hairs, but no protrusions. Tail Crangonyx pseudogracilis without cones May have small Brown-yellow body hairs, but lacks spines or Usually smaller, approx. 11mm, growing protrusions. to a maximum of 20mm Dark marks but lacks Gammarus tigrinus panding of D. villosus Non-native Line drawings © M.Dobson/FBA References and further reading: Daisie Factsheet (www.europe-aliens.org) Tail without Nobanis Factsheet (www.nobanis.org) cones www.habitas.org.uk/invasive/ Usually smaller, approx. 10-15mm long