A few examples of the invasive plants and animals that could become a serious problem in our waterways:

**FISH DISEASES**

Diseases such as Koi Herpes Virus (pictured) kill fish and can close fisheries.

**WATER PRIMROSE**

Freshwater plants like water primrose block up rivers and lakes interfering with fishing. Water primrose is not yet widespread in Britain but if it spreads further, like it has in other parts of Europe, it will cost £millions to manage.

**KILLER SHRIMP**

This shrimp is a voracious predator of other small animals including our native shrimp and young fish, which can significantly impact on the whole ecosystem. Its small size (3 cm max) means it could easily be hidden on damp nets or waders, where it can survive for two weeks.

Find out more about invasive plants and animals and how you can help to stop the spread at:

nonnativespecies.org/checkcleandry

@CheckCleanDryGB

Scan QR code on your mobile

Diseases and invasive plants and animals kill fish and block waterways

Don’t spread them on your kit

CHECK  CLEAN  DRY

Funded by the Aquatic Biosecurity Partnership

Photos from Trevor Renals and the Environment Agency.
Invasive plants and animals from all over the world have been introduced accidentally to British waters. Over fifty different species have already been found in our lakes, rivers, and other waterways, and the number of new arrivals is increasing rapidly.

They cause serious environmental problems that can be irreversible – killing fish by spreading diseases and reducing the oxygen levels of the water, outcompeting other native wildlife, and damaging ecosystems. Invasive plants also clog up waterways, making it hard to fish and increasing the risk of flooding.

They can be small and hard to spot so are easily spread on damp equipment and clothing. Protect the environment and fishing you enjoy by keeping your kit free of invasive plants and animals.

STOP THE SPREAD

It's even more important to Check Clean Dry if you're taking your kit abroad to make sure you don't bring any plants or animals back with you.

Make sure everything is clean and has been dried thoroughly before you use it again at home.

Remember to check these places

CHECK your gear after leaving the water for mud, aquatic animals or plant material. Remove anything you find and leave it at the site.

CLEAN everything thoroughly as soon as you can, paying attention to nets, waders, and areas that are damp and hard to access. Use hot water if possible.

DRY everything for as long as possible before using elsewhere as some invasive plants and animals can survive for two weeks in damp conditions.

You can request free Check Clean Dry awareness-raising materials for your club from nonnativespecies.org/checkcleandry