

GB Strategy refresh 2020-22

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Department
for Environment
Food & Rural Affairs



The Scottish
Government



Llywodraeth Cymru
Welsh Government



Animal &
Plant Health
Agency

GB Non-native Species Strategy - 2008

www.nonnativespecies.org

The Invasive Non-Native
Species Framework Strategy
for Great Britain



Protecting our natural heritage from invasive species



Key actions

GB Strategy – re-launched in 2015



More emphasis on
prevention and rapid
response

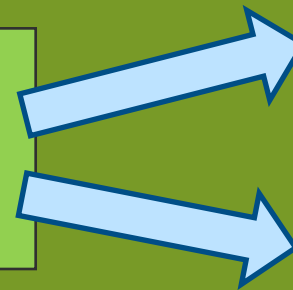
Review started in 2020

Strategy review process

NNSS scoring
of actions



Independent review -
APEM



Retrospective

Forward



Strategy redraft in
2021-22

NNSS review of Actions by 'area'

Area	Satisfactory	Partial	Little / no	TOTAL
Prevention	4	3	1	8
E Warning	4	1	0	5
R Response	1	3	0	4
LT Management	0	5	2	7
Awareness	8	1	0	9
Governance	2	1	0	3
Risk Assessment	3	2	0	5
Legislation	3	1	0	4
Research	1	3	1	5
Info. exchange	3	1	1	5
Review	2	0	0	2
TOTAL	31	21	5	57

Notable points on delivery of actions

GOOD

- Awareness – 8 out of 9 with satisfactory progress

BAD

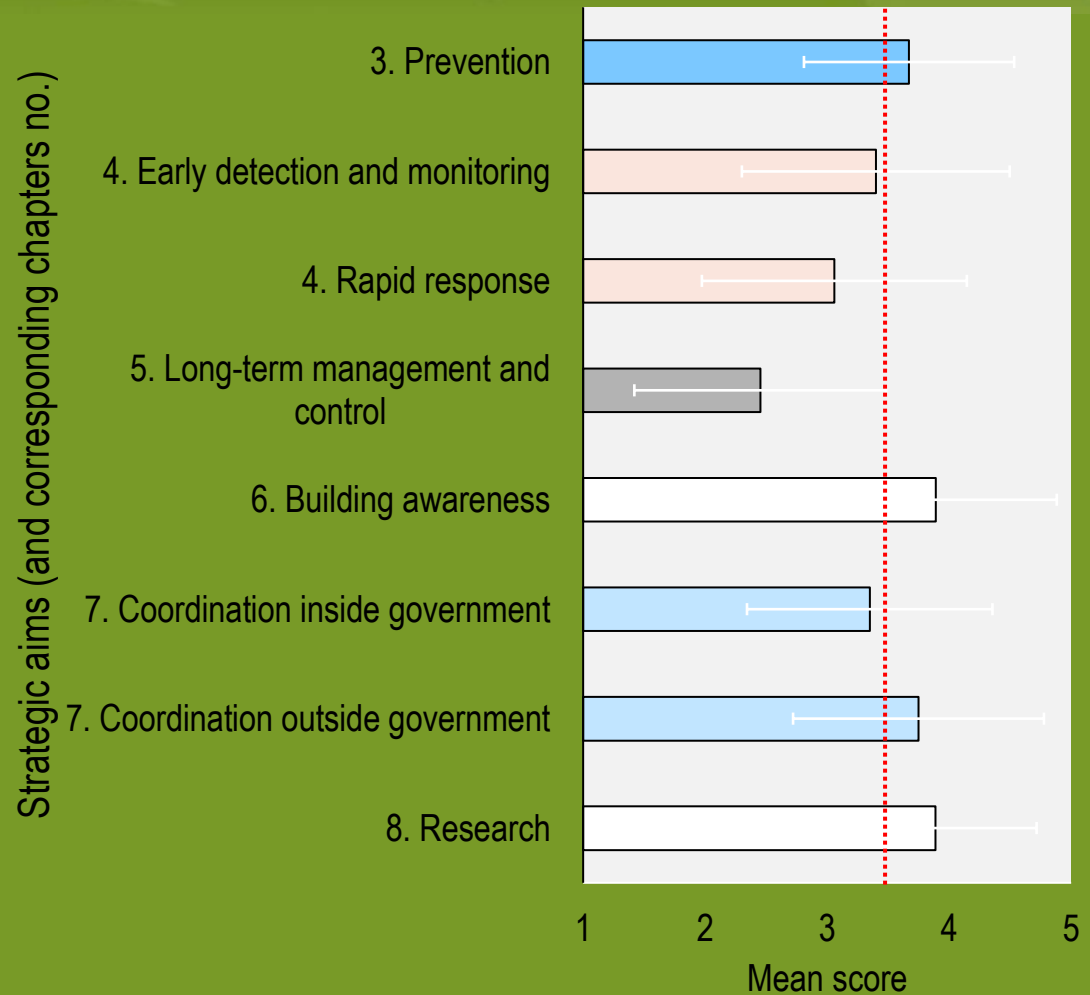
- Rapid response – 1/4 satisfactory (all high priority)
- Long-term control – 0/7 satisfactory (1 high, 4 medium, 2 low)

APEM Review 2021

- Questionnaire
 - Relevant to all stakeholders
 - Focused on retrospective view
- Semi-structured interviews
 - Targeted discussion groups
 - Focused on forward look

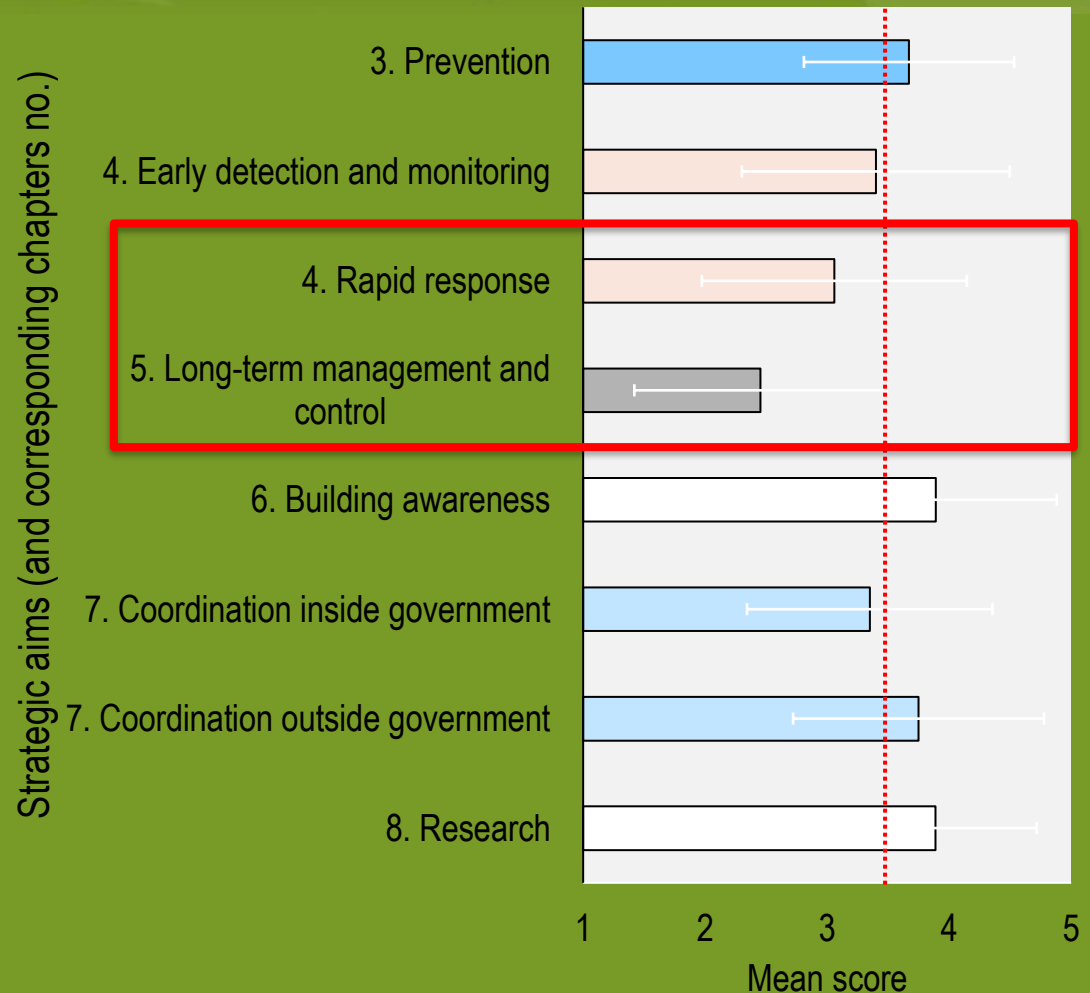
APEM Results: Strategic aims

- Overall agreement that progress has been made (mean score = 3.4)



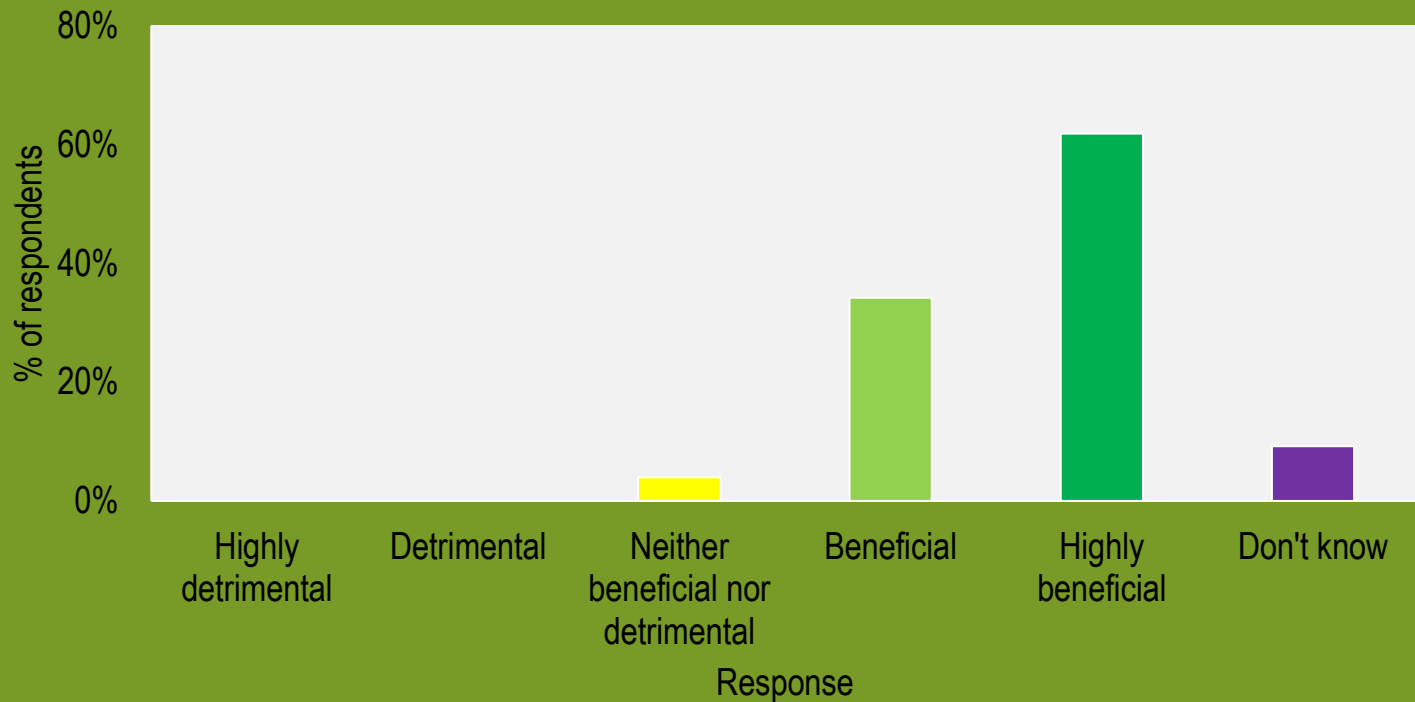
APEM Results: Strategic aims

- Overall agreement that progress has been made (mean score = 3.4)
- Lowest agreement with meeting strategic aims under **'Long-term management and control'** and **'Rapid Response'**



APEM Results: support for an inspectorate

Do you think the establishment of an INNS inspectorate would be beneficial for meeting the aims of the strategy?



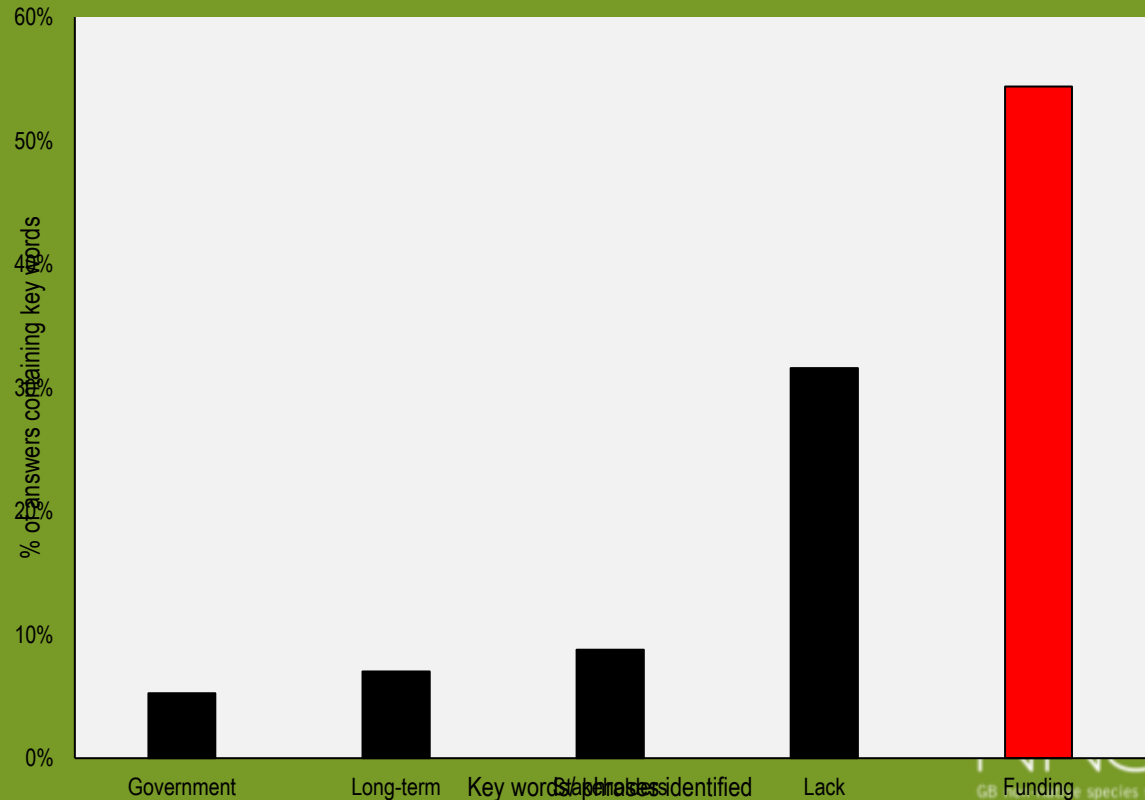
APEM Review 2021 - LAGs

- Recommendation 5.4
 - Increased funding for LAGs greatly needed
 - Additional funding avenues also needed – e.g. ELMs
- Recommendation 5.5
 - Greater coordination between INNS experts and LAGs
 - Include an action to encourage coordination

APEM Questionnaire results

- Need for more funding identified by the EAC, nearly all discussion groups and throughout the questionnaire responses.

In your view, what have been the key barriers to achieving the aims of the Strategy since 2015, if any?



INNS – between 2 stools!



Biosecurity
£220 million

INNS –
0.4%



Biodiversity
£438 million

INNS –
2.3%

Environmental Audit Committee



**Recommendations feeding into
refresh**

EAC - Dedicated INNS Inspectorate

- Scoping in 2020
- Piloting in 2021-22
 - 4 staff



EAC on Environmental land management schemes

Management of INNS should feature in ELM

EAC on Local Action Groups

- Government needs to take a more strategic approach
- ‘Government should fund LAGs on a long term (5-yearly basis) and coordinate them through the NNSS’

Strategy finalisation - 2022

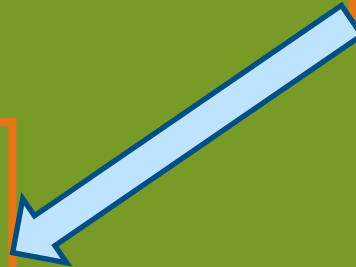
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Independent review -
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Stakeholder
views



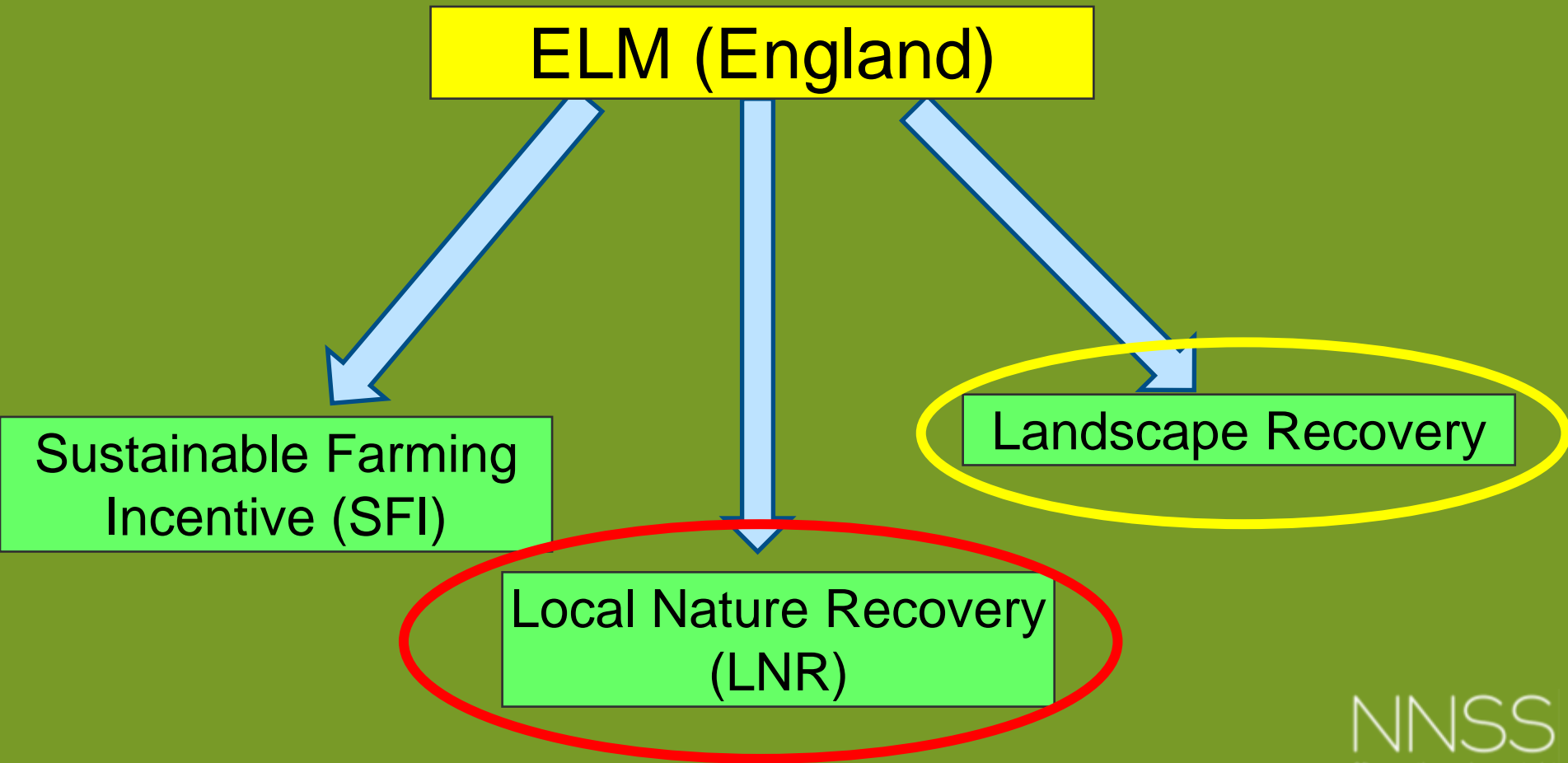
Strategy redraft in
2021-22

Supporting LAGs going forward

LAG
Coordinator

What can a LAG coordinator usefully do?

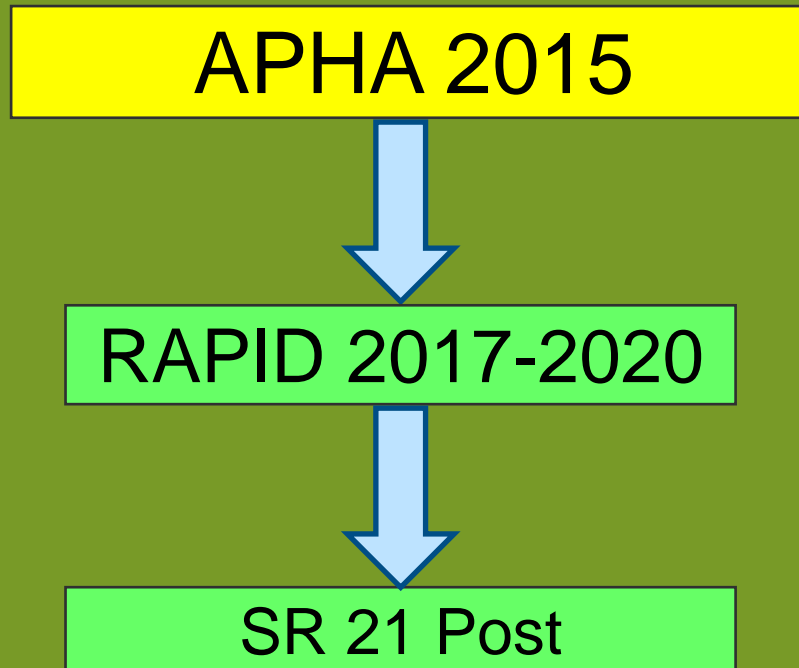
Environmental Land Management



Local Nature Recovery

- More ambitious than Country Stewardship
- Range of options for land-owners/managers
 - INNS control actions included
- Local collaboration supported
 - Cluster farms
 - Successor to CS Facilitation Fund
- Timing –
 - Details on full list of options later in 2022
 - Plus details of rules and payment rates

LAG Coordinator post



LAG Coordinator post

- Assistance with ELM Schemes?
- Other funding bids?
- RIMPs – redrafting? Implementing?
- Developing good practice?
- Database to capture effort, successes etc?